

CAPITAL invested in and value of annual product of principal industries in Canada, according to the Census, 1891.

Industries.	Invested Capital.	Value of annual Product.
	\$	\$
Agricultural implements.....	8,528,535	7,515,624
Hats and shoes.....	9,671,120	18,999,931
Cabinet and furniture.....	6,061,485	7,776,493
Cheese factories.....	2,660,969	9,961,731
Stone mills.....	13,208,121	8,451,724
Distilleries and breweries.....	15,368,953	7,924,268
Machine building.....	1,244,589	1,575,159
Printing and foundry works.....	17,031,553	16,925,030
Flour mills.....	23,128,471	52,307,429
Hatters and hatters.....	2,048,281	4,984,941
Shoemaking.....	370,820	578,631
Iron smelting furnaces.....	4,159,481	3,076,240
Meat curing.....	2,168,252	7,096,441
Canning, fish, fruit and vegetable.....	3,449,714	3,943,513
Musical instruments.....	3,072,014	4,042,353
Sugar refineries.....	1,833,578	2,004,713
do (fish).....	52,917	58,007
Oil and tack factories.....	922,930	1,423,850
Paper factories.....	5,259,211	3,142,447
Prepared food.....	3,165,183	5,169,633
Grinding mills.....	916,500	1,750,000
Saddlery and harness.....	2,552,770	4,068,708
Shutter, door and blind factories.....	6,691,806	8,716,040
Wool mills.....	48,932,340	50,855,103
Ship-building.....	1,983,206	3,070,275
Sugar refineries.....	5,924,400	17,127,100
Distilleries.....	6,321,233	11,277,300
Sheet and sheet iron working and tinsmithing.....	4,522,953	6,739,306
Tobacco factories.....	2,208,150	2,375,321
Rolling mills.....	9,365,158	8,408,071
Shed-building.....	8,029,143	9,627,655

56. Public attention having been once more directed to the question of the admission of Newfoundland into the Confederation, by which means the Dominion of Canada would comprise the whole of British North America, it has been thought well to insert here a brief description of the physical and social condition of that colony. The island of Newfoundland is situated at the entrance of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, between Lat. 46° 36'—51° 39' N. and Long. 52° 37'—60° 25' W. Its estimated area is 40,200 square miles, or about double the area of the province of Nova Scotia. Its greatest length, Cape St. Mary to Cape Norman, is 316 miles*, and its greatest breadth, Cape St. Mary to Cape Anquille, 317 miles. The coast of Labrador, from Lat.

Newfoundland
Physical features.

*Some authorities place its extreme length at 350 miles.